ROMBLON STATE UNIVERSITY

College of Engineering and Technology

Main Campus, Odiongan, Province of Romblon

HANDOUT #4

CE5122 Water Resource Engineering & Irrigation Structures
Engr. Revnaldo P Ramos, PhD

Tues/Friday - 1:30-3:30/3:30-5:00PM

SITE ASSESSMENT AND SURVEY FORMS FOR A RIVER SYSTEM

SITE ASSESSMENT FORM

rame of River/Stream:				
Sampling Station ID No:				
Distance from Previous S	tation:	kilometer		
Description of Flow:	Turbulent		meters	
	Silent	1		
Stages of Flow:				
	Upstream			
Average Width of River/St	Downstrea	ım		
Average Width of River/St Depth of River at Station (ream at Station (in	n meters):		
Section 1: Section	n 2: Sect	tion 3:	Average:	
Surface Velocity (in mater	- / - 10			
Surface Velocity (in meter: Section 1:				
Section 1: Section Stream Flow rate:	12: Sect	ion 3:	Average:	
Nature of River Bottom: (b	earock, sand, clay	, silt, grav	el, with solid waste, etc.)	
Bank and Riparian Vegetat		t applies)		
	Weeds		Reeds (tambo, etc)	
Pivor Classifi	vines			
River Classification:	AA		С	
	A		D	
15 1 15	В			
lf unclassified, described o	urrent usage:			
	source of wa	ater suppl	У	
	recreational	(bathing,	swimming, etc.)	
	agriculture,	irrigation,	livestock watering, etc.	
	fishing (prop	pagation &	growth of aquatic resources	
roximity to Common Source	ces of Contaminat	ion (attack	1 photos)	
a. Common sources			tance from the source	
settlement area (res	idential, etc.)	with	nin 500 meter radius	
Industry (power plan	nt, paper mills.etc)	with	in 1 kilometer radius	
agricultural area		> 1	kilometer radius	
eroded stream bank	s/landslides/algal	arowth	Amoniteter radius	
pecify the types of industry	closest to the site	9:	y 8 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Quarrying	1,12 310			
	The state of the s			
Smelting				
manufacturing & pro	cessing			
manufacturing & pro	cessing			
	cessing dirt road		private property	

Recommendation:	
Proposed as a sampling station	Not Proposed
Assessed by:	

KEY INFORMANT SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE/ PARTICIPATORY MAPPING GUIDE



Characterization of Biophysical Environment

With the use of a topographic map and provincial/municipal/barangay boundary maps, identify a reference point (e.g., the barangay hall or the place where you are holding the meeting) and from there, mark the landmarks that will be identified from the survey. To facilitate the survey, it is advisable to use local dialect as the medium of communication. Request the key informants to identify the following:

- a. The names of barangays and municipalities within the survey area
- b. The names of the rivers within the survey area. Which is the principal river, which are the secondary rivers? Where are the river boundaries?
- c. Where do the rivers originate? Where do the rivers drain?
- d. Approximately how long are the rivers, how wide and how deep? Describe the general physical character of the river and riverine area (e.g, meandering, shallow and wide, deep and wide, rocky bottom, soft bottom)
- e. What are the existing uses of the rivers? Identify the points where the uses change.
- f. Are there endemic aquatic species? Do the river serve as habitat for wild animals?
- g. Are there protected areas in the locality? Where are the boundaries of such areas? Are there other important /historical landmarks?
- h. Are there intake facilities for public drinking water supply? Which areas do these facilities serve?
- i. Are there intake facilities for irrigation? What areas do these facilities serve?
- j. Are there man-made dams? What are these for?
- k. Are there lakes, reservoir, and similar water bodies? What are current uses of such bodies of water?
- 1. When is the rainy season? Dry season?
- m. What are the existing uses of the watershed/river basin area? Where are the boundaries of these uses?
- n. Identify and locate on the map: mine sites, quarry sites, landslide prone areas, piggeries/cattlefarms/poultry, kaingin areas, plantations, landfill site or dumpsite
- o. Identify and locate the housing clusters, industrial areas, other major land development areas

VISUAL STREAM SURVEY

Helpful Hint: To facilitate the survey, it would be very helpful to bring along copy of a topographic map and a GPS to confirm exact survey boundaries. Observations such as conditions of watershed may be noted on the maps as necessary.

I. BASIC INFORMATION
Sampling Station NoName of River:
Location:
(Barangay, Municipality/Province/Region)
Opstream boundary:
Downston () Tovilice / Region (
Downstream boundary: Coordinates: (Barangay, Municipality/Province/Region)
Total River Length: km Length of stream surveyed:
Date: hrs Weather:
Survey undertaken by:Position:
Survey supervised by:
pasture/grassland%, woodland% others (agriculture)% % roadway/pavement (Note: Items must sum up to 100%) 2. Riparian cover: trees% grasses or weeds% bare area%, buildings% others (bamboo stands) % (Note: Items must sum up to 100%) 3. River bank conditions: trees% grasses or weeds% bare area%, buildings% others.
% grasses or weeds% bare area% paved area%, buildings% others% (Note: Items must sum up to 100%)
Water flow: Present conditions: Check as appropriate;
in channel flooding over banks dry/no flow/pooling
Flow Rate: m (determined by flow measurements, see Attachment 4)
Tidal Influence: Is waterway influenced by tides? Yes No; If yes, when? If influenced by tide: Tide was: rising falling
Tide was: high mid-range low
. Bed composition: silt or mud%, sand% gravel%
Cobble (2-10") % boulders >10" % bedrock %

8.	Percent embeddedness of cobble substrate = $_$ + $_$
	(c)
	(Note: Applicable only to riffle areas, not to pools or runs. Fill out only if applicable to stream being surveyed.)
9.	Presence of naturally occurring organic material in stream (good habitat for aquatic organisms)
	Logs or wooden debris: none occasional plentiful
	Leaves, twigs, rootmass, etc none occasionalplentiful
10	Algae: Percentage of stream bottom covered by visible algae?%
	close growing (cluster):% Filamentous (strands over 2" long)
	= 100%
11 cor	Water clarity: Check all that apply (determine by viewing sample water in a clear ntainer)
	turbid: suspended matter in water: sediment blue/green algae (leaves)
	tannic: clear water that is naturally stained orange/brown due to organic acids
	no staining/no suspended matter
	others (i.e., chemical discharge, dyes)
12.	. Color of water (describe)
	Odor of water (describe)
	Bank erosion:
14	Dank erosion:
a.	How vegetated is the $\underline{\text{left}}$ bank, looking downstream, for the length of the river reach being surveyed (circle a percentage)
	Vegetated bank bank Bare/eroded
	100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0%
	What are the visual indicators used to assess the percentage above? (check all that apply)
	exposed soil obvious soil losssoil covered with vegetation
	steep slopes (U-shaped banks) gentle slopes
	exposed rootsno exposed roots

	bank	bank					fold to			Bare	erode
		0.007									
	100%	90%	80%	70%	60%	50%	40%	30%	20%	10%	0%
2	What are t apply)	he vist	ıal indi	cators u	ised to	assess	the perc	entage	above?	(check	all th
1	What are ti apply)	he visu	ial indic	cators u	used to a	assess 1	the perc	entage	above?	(check	all th
_	expose	ed soil	ol	ovious s	soil loss		soil co	vered w	ith vege	etation	
	steep s	slopes	(U-sha	ped bar	nks)	ge	ntle slo	pes			
-	expose	ed root	S	r	no expos	sed roo	ts				
I					10 expo	sed roo	ts				
I	ndication:				io expo	sed roo	ts				
I					no expo	sed roo	ts				
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	ndication	s of hu	ıman u		no expo	sed roo	ts				
	ndication	s of hu	ıman u		no expo	sed roo	ts				

III. AQUATIC BIOTA CHECKLIST (Optional)

1. Wildlife in or around the stream: Check opposite column if present.

Mammals	Reptiles
Amphibians	Mussels/shells/clams/oysters
Waterfowls	Crustaceans

2. Fish in the stream: (Check all that apply)

Sizes	None	Abundant	Rare
Small (1-2")			
Medium (3-6")			
Large (7" and above)			

3. Aquatic plants in the stream (check all that apply)

Plant type	Frequency of	WI	nere foun	d
rain type	Occurrence	Stream Edge	Pools	Near Riffle
	None			
Attached plants:	Occasional			
	Plentiful	4.00		
	None			
Free-floating plants:	Occasional	-		
	Plentiful			

4. Extent of algae in the stream: Are there submerged stones, twigs, or other material in the stream coated with a layer of algae? (Check all that apply)

Color	Frequency of	Type of	Coating
	Occurrence	Light	Heavy
	None		
Brownish	Occasional		Tree of the second
	Plentiful		
	None		
Greenish	Occasional		
	Plentiful		
Others			

5. Are there filamentous (string-like) algae?

Color	None	Occasional	Plentiful
Brownish			
Greenish			
Other	STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE		

6. Are there detached "clumps" or "mats" of algae floating on the water's surface?

Color	None	Occasional	Plentiful
Brownish			Harris Berlinger
Greenish		THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	
Other			

				and the second		101					
	100	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	0	7
Write	down	additi	onal con	nments	s/obs	ervatio		00	120	1.0	
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								To the same	100		
									7.76		
IV. LA	ND U	SES									
1. Ide	entify	land u	ses and	activit	ies in	the ba	sin ar	ea that h	nave th	0 ==+-	
inc	ineck (dicate	all the the loc	boxes the	at app	ly, de	scribe t	he loc	ation of t	the acti	ivity(ie	s) and
on	the no	ote.	071	gour n	nup. Ij	ine ac	tivitie.	s are free	quently	occur	ring, ind
Ple	ase in	dicate	if you:	\$	Survey	red only	y the	area adja	acent to	o the v	vaterboo
			-	_ Sur	rveyed	the en	tire d	rainage :	area		vater bot
nd Dist	urbin	g Acti	vities &								
her Sou	irces	of Sed	iment			to W	cent	In Waters	hed	& fre	on loca quency ctivity
Extens	sive ar	eas dis	sturbed i	by land	d						ctivity
develop	nment	OT COT	- c+	-							
utilitie	s, road	ds & b	ridges	n of							
utilitie	s, road	ds & b	ridges	on of					-		
Large o	s, road	ds & bi	ridges gullies						_		
Large o	s, road or exte	ds & bi	ridges						_		
Large of Unpave stream	s, road or extended road s	ds & bi	ridges gullies								
Large of Unpave stream	s, road or extered road s	ds & branches	ridges gullies r or cros	ssing							
Large of Unpave stream	s, road or extered road s	ds & branches	ridges gullies	ssing					-		
Unpave stream Croplan Pasture bodies	or extered roads ands es with	ds & bransive g	ridges gullies r or cros	ssing to wat					-		
Unpave stream Croplar Pasture bodies Comme includir	s, road or extended road s onds es with croial fing har	ds & bransive g	ridges gullies r or cros	ssing to wat							
Unpave stream Croplan Pasture bodies Comme includir prepara	or extered roads ands es with croid fing hartion	ds & brankive and the cattle corestry vesting	ridges gullies r or cros e access v activiti g and sit	to wate	er						
Unpave stream Croplan Pasture bodies Comme includir prepara	or extered roads ands es with croid fing hardion we are	ds & brank ds near cattle corestry vesting	ridges gullies r or cros e access v activiti g and sit	to wate	er						
Unpave stream Croplan Pasture bodies Comme includir prepara Extensior chan	or extered roads ands es with croid fing hardion we are nel en	ds & brankive and cattle corestry vesting as of s larger	ridges gullies r or cros e access v activiti g and sit treamba	to wate	er						
Unpave stream Croplan Pasture bodies Comme includir prepara Extension channel er Agric Confined	or extered roads ands es with croid fing hardion we are nel en cultur d anim	ds & bransive and cattle corestry vesting as of s larger al Actinal (cattle)	ridges gullies r or cros e access v activiti g and sit treamba	to water to	er						

	Animal waste stabilization ponds		
	Poultry houses		
Н	ighways and Parking Areas		
	Shopping centers & commercial areas		
	Interstate and controlled access highways and interchanges		
	Major highways and arterial streets		
	Other extensive vehicle parking areas		
M	ining		
	Quarries with sediment basins in live flowing streams		
	ansportation and Motor hicle Services		
	Truck cleaning services		
	Public and private automobile repair facilities		
	Car washes and large auto dealers	. 🗆	
	Rail or container transfer yards		
	Airports with fuel handling / aircraft repair		
Bu	siness & Industry, General		
	Activities with exterior storage or exchange of materials		
	Activities with poor housekeeping practices indicated by stains leading to streams or storm drains or on-site disposal of waste materials		
	Heavy industries such as textiles & carpet, pulp & paper, metal, and vehicle production or fabrication		
	Dry cleaners / outside chemical storage		
Foo	od & Kindred Products		
	Fertilizer production plants		

Meat and poultry slaughtering or processing plants		
Construction Materials		
Wood treatment plants		
Concrete and asphalt batch plants		
Waste Recycling, Movement & Disposal		
Junk and auto salvage yards		
Solid waste transfer stations		
Landfills and dumps (old & active)		
Recycling centers		
Drum cleaning sites		
Illicit Waste Discharge*		
Sanitary sewer leaks or failure		
Overflowing sanitary sewer manholes	. 🗆	
due to clogging or hydraulic overloading		
By passes at treatment plants or relief valves in hydraulically overloaded sanitary sewer lines		
Domestic or industrial discharges		
Extensive areas with aged/malfunctioning septic tanks		
Dry-weather flows from pipes (with detectable indications of pollution)		
Streamside areas of illegal dumping		

 If found (most likely during stream surveys), these activities should be immediately reported to the local government or EMB regional office.

Tł	nis informat	ion may be obtained during the KII.			
1.	Note the that alter	te the number of hydrologic modifications on your waterbody: structures t alter water flow			
	None Dams Bridge Others	Pipes State of the state of th			
2.	Note the assessing waterbody	approximate length of the stream that a wetland, lake or pond, some of the fol	at is affected by the following: if lowing may also affect your		
3.	Stream Concre Dredgi Riprap Cattle Stream	ete streambank/bottom met ing/channelization met o/gabion meter or crossing #	km or%		
	regular int	ent of vegetative buffer along the bank tervals (every 250 m in a 1-kilometer sect	ion) note the following		
#	Width in meter	Location (Left bank, Right bank or N, S, E, W side of wetland or lake	Characteristics and comments		
1					
2					
3					
5	100				
6					
7					
8					
9					
10	7 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 -		The state of the s		
	Check the waterbody	categories that best describe the gen	eral appearance of the		
		No litter visible Small litter occasionally (i.e., cans, pape Small litter common Large litter occasionally (i.e., tires, pallet Large litter common			
	I	blems: Spills of chemicals, oil, etc. Fish kills Wildlife, waterfowl kills			

V. GENERAL WATERBODY AND WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Erosion:

No bank erosion or areas of erosion very rare; no artificial stabilization Occasional areas of bank erosion Areas of bank erosion common Artificial bank stabilization (i.e., riprap) present

- 5. Comments on general waterbody and watershed characteristics: (e.g. date and size of fish kill, increased rate of erosion evident, litter most evident after storms) * Fish kills should be immediately reported to DENR Wildlife Resources Division or
- 6. Summarize notable changes that have taken place since last year (if this is not your first year conducting the Watershed Survey).

PIPE AND DRAINAGE DITCH INVENTORY

In this section, provide information on pipes and drainage ditches found on the banks or in the waterbody. These pipes/ditches can be abandoned or active. Note the information for each pipe or drainage ditch you observe. Make additional copies as

Pipe #	Location	Туре	Size	Flow	Waterbody condition	Comments
					- John Holl	
	1					
			-			TO THE RESIDENCE
					APPLIES FOR	
				11.11.21		

- 1. Number each pipe/ditch for mapping/locating purposes
- 2. Location of pipe/ditch: note whether in water, bank, near waterbody or other.
- 3. Identify type of pipe (list all that apply): PVC, iron, concrete, galvanized; industrial outfall, sewage treatment plant outfall, storm drain, combined sewer overflow; agricultural field drainage, paddock or feedlot drainage, settlement basin/pond drainage, parking lot drainage unknown, other.
- 4. Size: measure approximate diameter of pipe: inches or centimeters
- 5. Describe the discharge flow: Rate of flow: none, intermittent, trickle, steady,

Appearance: clear, foamy, turbid, oil sheen, color, other Odor: none, rotten eggs/sewage, chemical, chlorine, other

- 6. Waterbody condition: describe the bank/waterbody below pipe or drainage ditch: no problem evident, eroded, sewage litter (e.g. toilet paper), litter (e.g. bottles, cans), lots
- 7. Comments of pipes and drainage ditches: Use this space to explain or expand on information provided on pipes and discharges you have identified above. For example, you may want to identify particular facilities, or discuss in more detail the condition of the waterbody below the discharge. Use separate page if necessary.